# 3–3 Using Several Transformations

**Objective:** To solve equations by using more than one transformation.

### Vocabulary

**Inverse operations** Operations that "undo" each other. For example, multiplication and division are inverse operations. Likewise, addition and subtraction are inverse operations.

### Tips for solving an equation in which the variable is on one side.

- 1. Simplify each side of the equation as needed.
- 2. Use inverse operations to "undo" the operations in the equation.

Example 1	Solve $3n - 7 = 8$ .	Use inverse operations:
Solution	3n - 7 + 7 = 8 + 7 3n = 15	To undo the subtraction of 7 from $3n$ , add 7 to each side.
	$\frac{3n}{3} = \frac{15}{3}$ $n = 5$	To undo the multiplication of $n$ by 3, divide each side by 3. The solution set is $\{5\}$ .

Example 2	Solve $\frac{1}{2}x + 1 = 7$ .	Use inverse operations:	
Solution	$\frac{1}{2}x + 1 - 1 = 7 - 1$	Subtract 1 from each side.	
	$\frac{1}{2}x = 6$	· ·	
$2\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) = 6 \cdot 2$		Multiply each side by 2, the reciprocal of $\frac{1}{2}$ .	
	x = 12	The solution set is $\{12\}$ .	

#### Solve.

 1. 2y + 1 = 15 2. 2x - 7 = 13 3. 26 = 5y + 1 4. 58 = 3y - 2 

 5. -11 + 4y = 25 6. 13 + 6y = -23 7.  $\frac{1}{2}x - 3 = 5$  8.  $\frac{1}{3}x + 5 = 7$  

 9.  $3 = \frac{1}{4}x - 1$  10.  $6 = \frac{1}{5}x + 2$  11.  $\frac{x}{2} + 7 = 1$  12.  $\frac{x}{5} - 2 = 4$  

 Example 3 Solve  $\frac{x - 2}{2} = 4$ .

Solution	$3\left(\frac{x-2}{3}\right) = 3 \cdot 4$	Multiply each side by 3.
	$   \begin{array}{r} x - 2 &= 12 \\ x - 2 + 2 &= 12 + 2 \\ x &= 14 \end{array} $	Add 2 to each side. The solution set is {14}.

## 3-3 Using Several Transformations (continued)

Solve.

<b>13.</b> $\frac{x-1}{2} = 5$	14. $\frac{3-x}{4} = 2$	15. $\frac{x-6}{6} = -1$
<b>16.</b> $-3 = \frac{x-1}{5}$	17. $\frac{2-x}{3} = -4$	<b>18.</b> $-2 = \frac{1-x}{7}$

Example 4	Solve $28 = 9a + 5a$ .	
Solution	28 = 9a + 5a $28 = 14a$	Combine $9a$ and $5a$ .
	$\frac{28}{14} = \frac{14a}{14}$	Divide each side by 14.
	2 = a	The solution set is $\{2\}$ .

Solve.

<b>19.</b> $4w - w =$	-12 <b>20.</b> 20	= 2a + 3a	<b>21.</b> $y - 4y = -18$	
<b>22.</b> $5t + 3t = -$	-16 <b>23.</b> -7	v + 3v = -12	<b>24.</b> $24 = -3n + 9n$	
Example 5	Solve $3(y + 2) - 1 = 1$	11.		
Solution	3(y + 2) - 1 = 113y + 6 - 1 = 113y + 5 = 11	Use the distribution of the second se	utive property left side.	
	3y + 5 - 5 = 11 - 3 3y = 6	5 Subtract 5 from	n each side.	
	$\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$	Divide each si	de by 3.	
	y = 2	The solution se	et is $\{2\}$ .	

Solve.

<b>25.</b> $2(x - 1) = 16$	<b>26.</b> $3(y - 5) = 12$	<b>27.</b> $20 = 4(x + 3)$
<b>28.</b> $5(n + 2) - 3 = -18$	<b>29.</b> $6(x - 4) + 5 = 11$	<b>30.</b> $-3 = 7(h - 2) + 11$

## **Mixed Review Exercises**

Solve.

1. $\frac{1}{4}x = -17$	2. $\frac{x}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$	3. $\frac{1}{4}x = 2\frac{1}{4}$
<b>4.</b> $-4 + x = -1$	<b>5.</b> $x + 7 = 16$	<b>6.</b> $30 = y + 12$
7. $-10 + x = -18$	8. $24 - x = 26$	9. $0.5x = -5$
<b>10.</b> $3.2 = n + 3$	11. $0 = 5x$	<b>12.</b> $14y = 280$